

**Report of the
Skagafjörður Archaeological Settlement Survey
2009:**

Test pits at Meðalheimur (1006)

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In collaboration with

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The work described below took place at the modern farm of Hátún that would have been part of Glaumbær (111) in an area well west of the modern settlement called Meðalheimur that we have called 1006 in our designation system.

Goals

The goal of the work at Meðalheimur (1006) was straightforward. We sought to date the earliest occupation of the visible farm mound and obtain additional faunal material from the earliest layers by placing and excavating a 2x4 m test pit in the oldest part of the midden, as determined by previous (2007) coring.

Test pit

Test pitting at Meðalheimur began 7/28/2009 and went through 8/14/2009, excavated by Amanda Schreiner and Emily Button with the assistance of Ayshe Yeager, Rita Shepard, and Joanna Curtis. The location of the test pit at Area A (E 475532.4, N 567664) was determined by 2007 cores and a previous 1x1 test pit (Figure 1).

In general, the midden above the 1300 tephra was very heterogeneous. From these upper contexts tremendous numbers of animal bones and pieces of cloth were remarkable. Twenty five large pieces of textile were found in contexts 203 through 210. The number of textiles dropped precipitously with most (8) being identified in context 203 and only one in context 210 (Figure 2). In all likelihood this drop with depth is a result of preservation. No textiles were identified below the 1300 tephra layer. Some wood, copper and iron were also recovered from these upper contexts. There is no indication of abandonment in any of the contexts above the 1300 tephra.

The volume of midden decreased dramatically under the 1300 tephra layer. There was on the order of 1.5m of midden above the 1300 tephra and usually less than 50 cm from the 1300 tephra layer to the top of the LNS. Less than 25 cm separated the 1300 and the 1104 tephra [212] and less than 10 cm separated the 1104 and the 1000 [213]. In many cases the 1000 was just a few cm above the LNS or the H3 tephra [214]. The 1000 tephra was only identified in the south and north profiles, not on the west (Figure 3) or the much shorter east profile. The 1000 tephra was, like the 1104 and 1300, identified during excavation and made for our context breaks.

Below the 1000 tephra we encountered a series of features that we believe to be the edge of a very early pit-house (Figure 4). The pit house wall was identified during excavation [216] and was capped by a thick organic layer with LNS tephra (Figure 5). Therefore the distinct LNS between [214] and [217] on the west profile is probably not in situ, but part of this wall (Figure 6). This organic LNS layer rested on top of heterogeneous H3 with spots of aeolian sediment that we interpret as upcast from the digging of the pit house. The upcast and the in situ H3/H4 blend together so it is very difficult to separate cultural features from fall and in situ prehistoric tephra. To the west of the preserved wall [216], and mirroring its shape and width, we identified an irregular deposit of H3/H4 upcast mixed with organic deposits. We interpret this layer [217] as wall fall. Interior (to the southwest) is a small bit of compact grayish deposit [218] that we believe is the floor of the pit house. This entire deposit was floated, but has not yet been analyzed. Outside the wall were two small separate pit features [215] that contained rich deposits of bones. Other than [215] and [218], all other features at this layer were not further excavated.

Two small gray deposits [219] and [220] discovered in the H3 tephra were originally thought to be postholes of some sort. Upon further examination, these seem to be trees that were growing at the time the H3 tephra was deposited (Figure 7).

Floatation

Samples for flotation from all pre 1300 AD contexts were taken. While they have all been floated, they have not yet been analyzed.

Interpretation

By 1714 Meðalheimur is a sharecropper farm and part of Glaumbær, it is clearly has a very early establishment, probably earlier than Glaumbær. Given that we have encountered other possible pit-houses at Meðalheimur (see the 2007 report) and given the early tephra and AMS dates from the site, Meðalheimur is probably one of the earliest farms in Langholt. Furthermore, the area with cultural material under the 1104 tephra layer is quite substantial. We estimate 4596 m² of occupation area at 1104 AD. While not all of this area may have been occupied at one time, the occupation for this unusual farm is clearly substantial. We now have 6 good AMS dates (Figure 9) for the lower levels of Meðalheimur (8 if we include the Neolithic dates from the Arizona lab taken in the early years). Therefore we estimate an establishment date of 918 AD for Meðalheimur.



Figure 1. Test pit location.

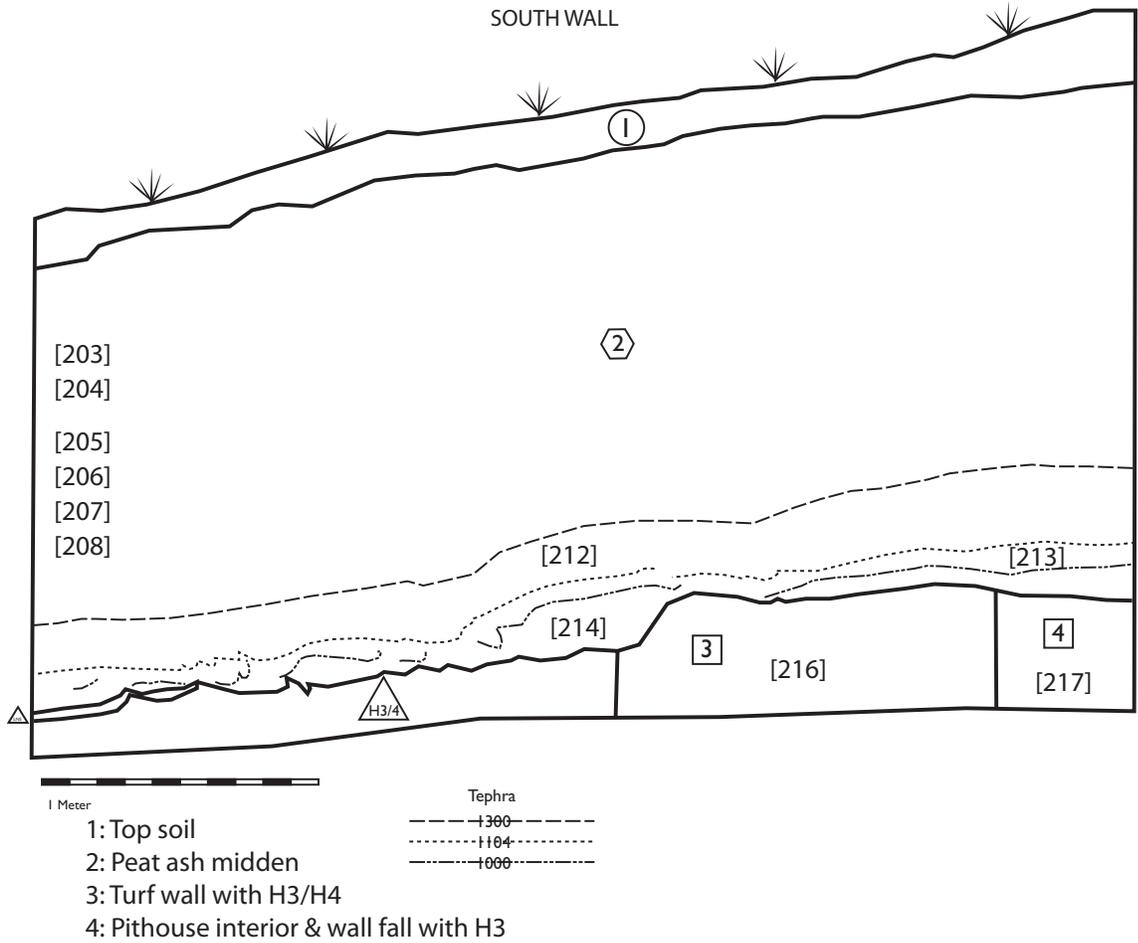
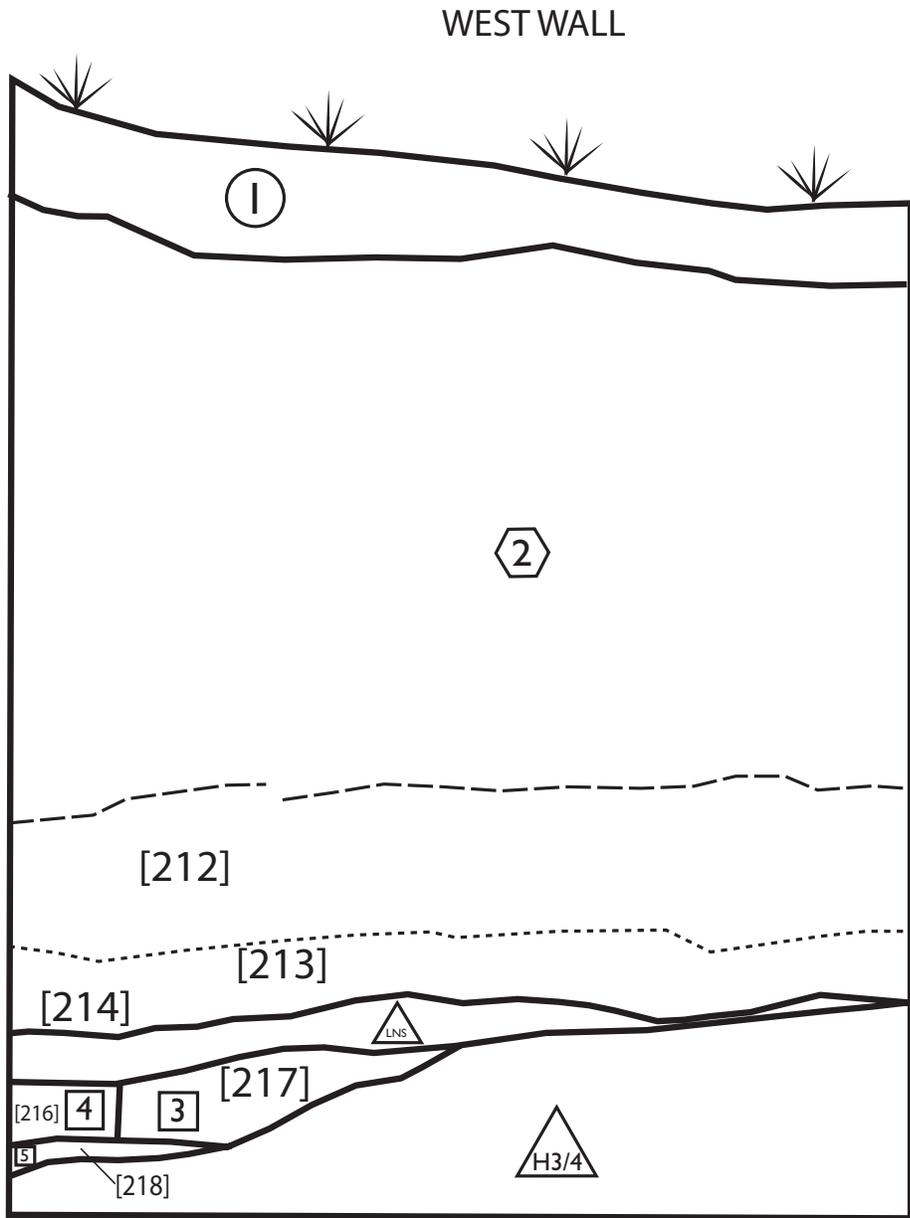


Figure 2. South Profile.



- | | |
|--|----------------|
| 1: Top soil | |
| 2: Peat ash midden | -----+300----- |
| 3: Turf wall with H3/H4 | -----+104----- |
| 4: Pithouse interior & wall fall with H3 | -----+000----- |
| 5: Floor | |

Figure 3. West wall profile.

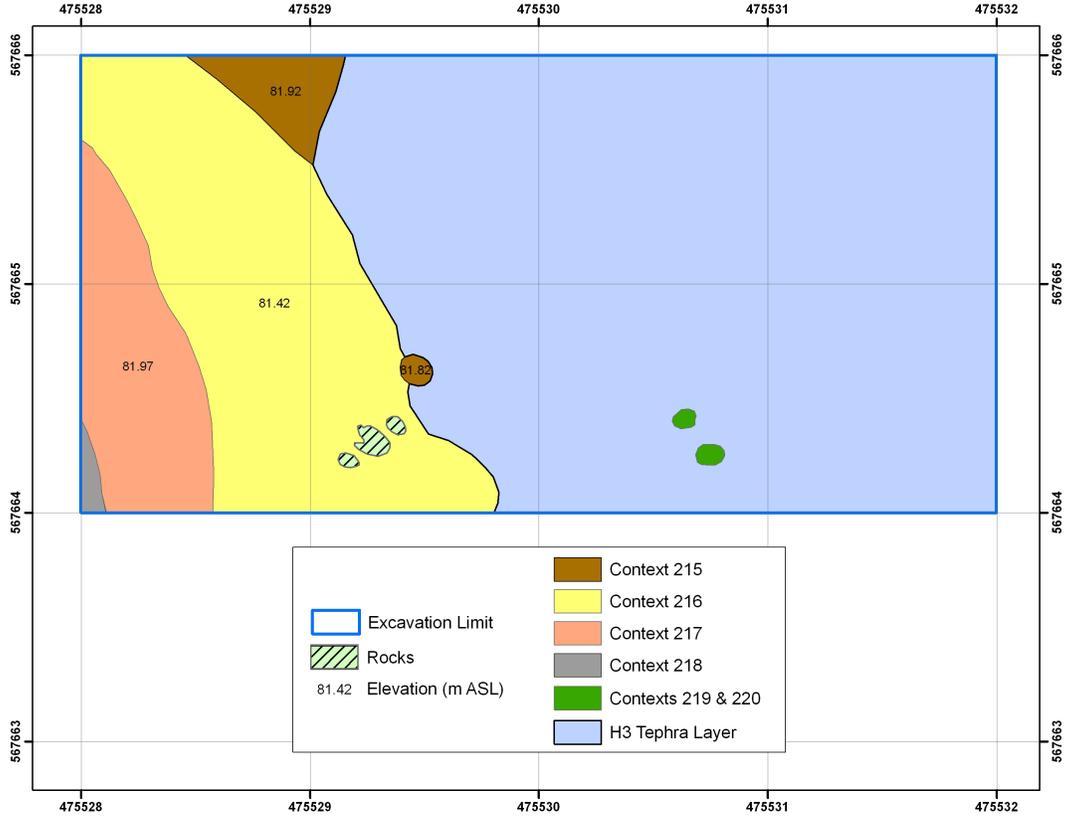


Figure 4. Plan of contexts at bottom of test pit.



Figure 5. Photo of contexts at bottom of test pit (from the south wall)



Figure 6. photo of west wall showing sequence



Figure 7. Contexts 219 and 220

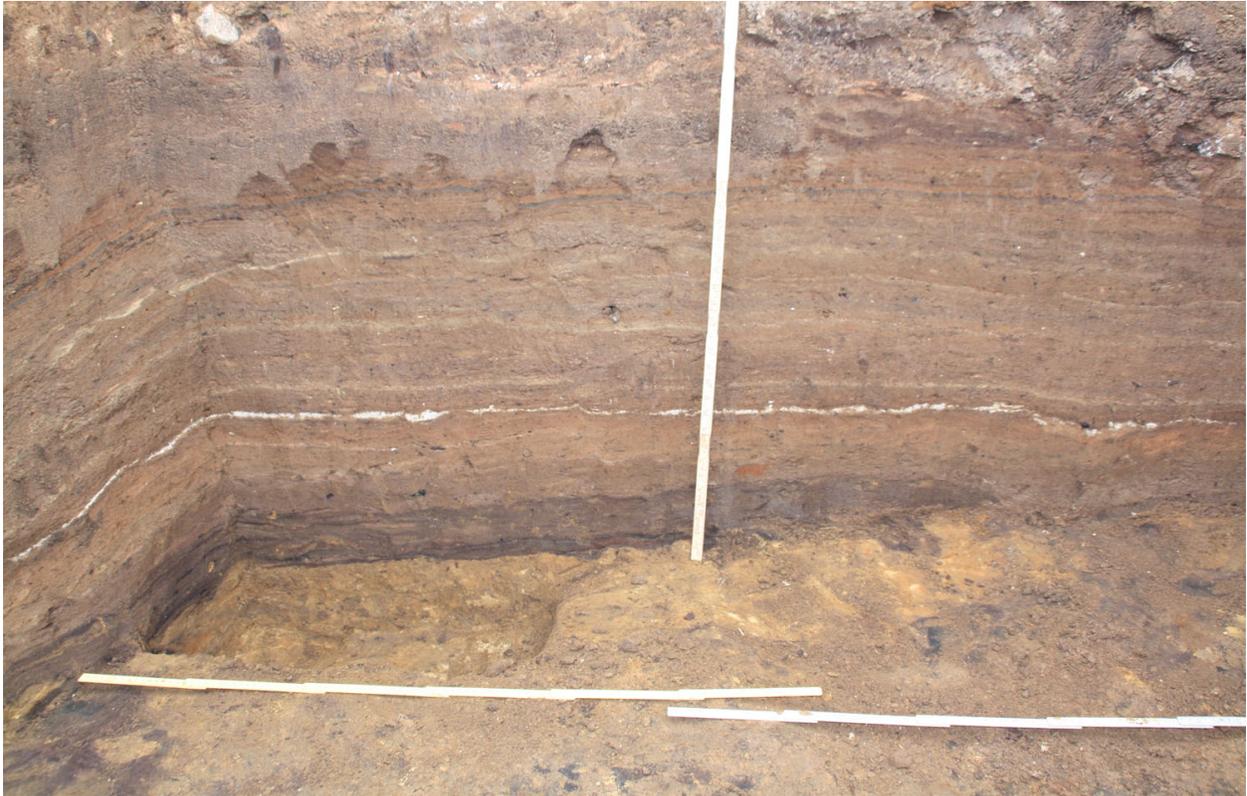


Figure 8. West wall

Calibrated Age Ranges

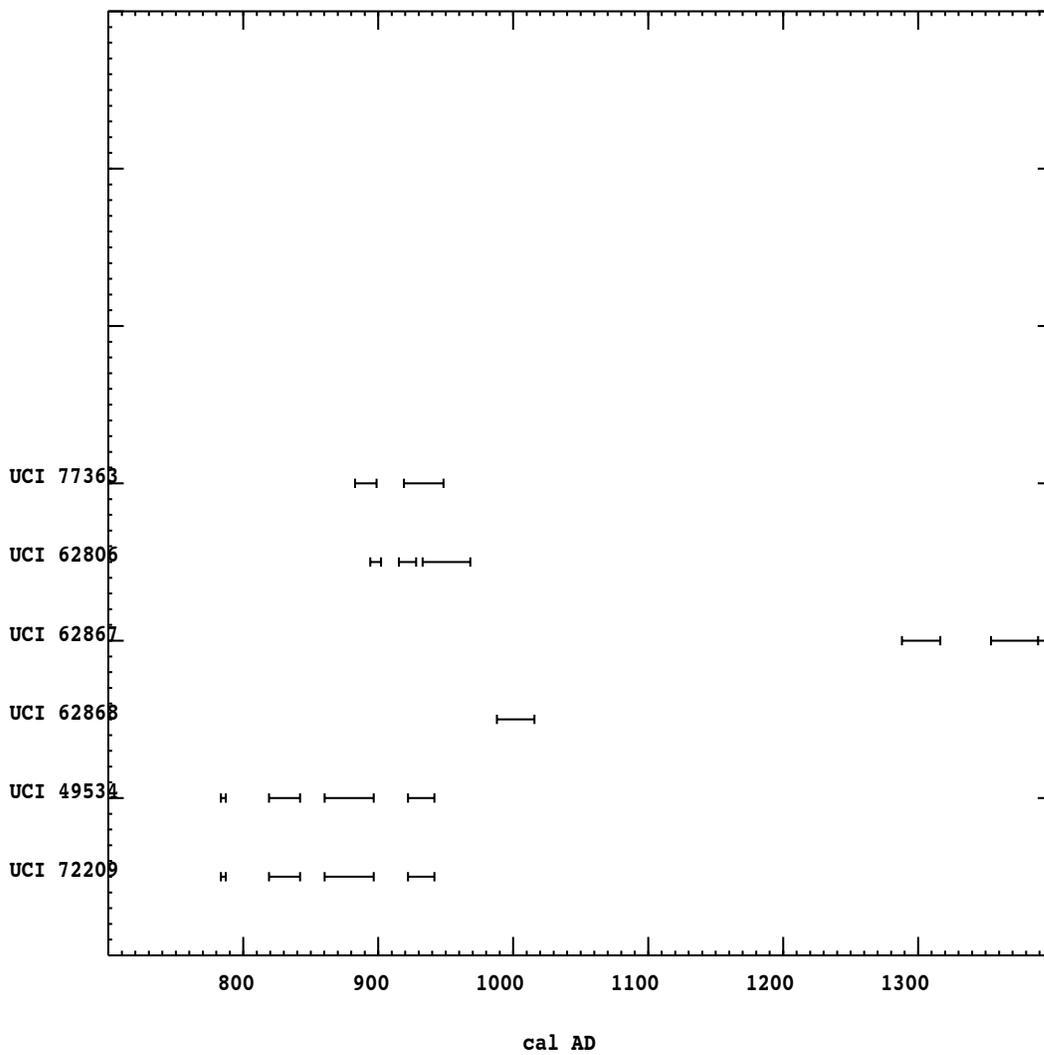


Figure 9. AMS dates from the Viking Age at Meðalheimur

SITE 1006	FIND 88	AREA C	CONTEXT 202
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MATERIAL TYPE Metal	OBJECT TYPE Copper fragment	DESCRIPTION copper pot fragment withY	ATTENTION
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DATE 7/29/2009	ID ELB	UNIQUE_ID 1006C202F88	Conservation Date 7/30/2009	Conservator Gregory Bailey
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Material Characteristics
Copper metal fragment, dished, with eyebrow-shaped foot or projection, 90 x 85 x 27mm, 188.8g.

Condition
Dirt, corrosion present on all surfaces. Corrosion layers are bright green/blue granular over layer of black.

Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Box Metals Container

Treatment
Cleaned mechanically using bamboo skewers and soft hair bristle brush.

Storage Recommendations

Other Notes

Appears to be associated with 1006 finds # 91 and # 101, though they do not share break edges.

Image



SITE 1006 **FIND** 89 **AREA** C **CONTEXT** 202

MATERIAL TYPE Metal **OBJECT TYPE** Copper fragment **DESCRIPTION** thin pot fragment **ATTENTION** Y

DATE 7/29/2009 **ID** ELB **UNIQUE_ID** 1006C202F89 **Conservation Date** 7/30/2009 **Conservator** Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics
Copper metal fragment, curved, with 4mm square hole with rounded corners punched in center, 35 x 25 x 1mm, 4.1g

Condition
Dirt, corrosion present on all surfaces. Plant fibers present, appear to be associated with the hole(s)

Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Box Metals Container

Treatment
Cleaned mechanically and corrosion reduced with bamboo skewers and soft hair bristle brush. Samples of plant fibers placed in 1ml vial and retained with object.

Storage Recommendations

Other Notes

Image



SITE 1006	FIND 91	AREA C	CONTEXT 203
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MATERIAL TYPE Metal	OBJECT TYPE copper fragment	DESCRIPTION Part of thin bowl?	ATTENTION Y
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DATE 7/29/2009	ID ELB	UNIQUE_ID 1006C203F91	Conservation Date 7/2/2009	Conservator Gregory Bailey
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Material Characteristics
Copper metal fragment, concave, with raised band on one side, 132 x 97 x 3mm

Condition
Dirt, corrosion, concretion present on all surfaces. Midden deposits (charcoal, peat ash, fiber, etc.) present on all surfaces.

Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Box Metals Container

Treatment
Dirt, concretion, and deposits reduced mechanically to reveal surface detail and topography. Cleaned mechanically using bamboo skewers and soft hair bristle brush. Not all concretion was removed, and samples of organic matter removed were stored in a 2.5ml sample vial and retained with the object. These samples include charcoal, peat ash, and plant or animal fibers.

Storage Recommendations

Other Notes

Appears to be associated with 1006 finds #88 and # 101, though they do not share break edges.

Image



Before treatment



Before treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	92	C	203

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile	Wool?	wool fragments?	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/29/2009	ELB	1006C203F92	8/4/0009	Dennis Piechota

Material Characteristics
 4 wool textile fragments, reddish in color, somewhat felted. May include hem or seam fragments. Measured along the warp and weft before treatment : 82 x 14mm; 56 x 11mm; 23 x 6mm; 23 x 7mm

Condition
 Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.

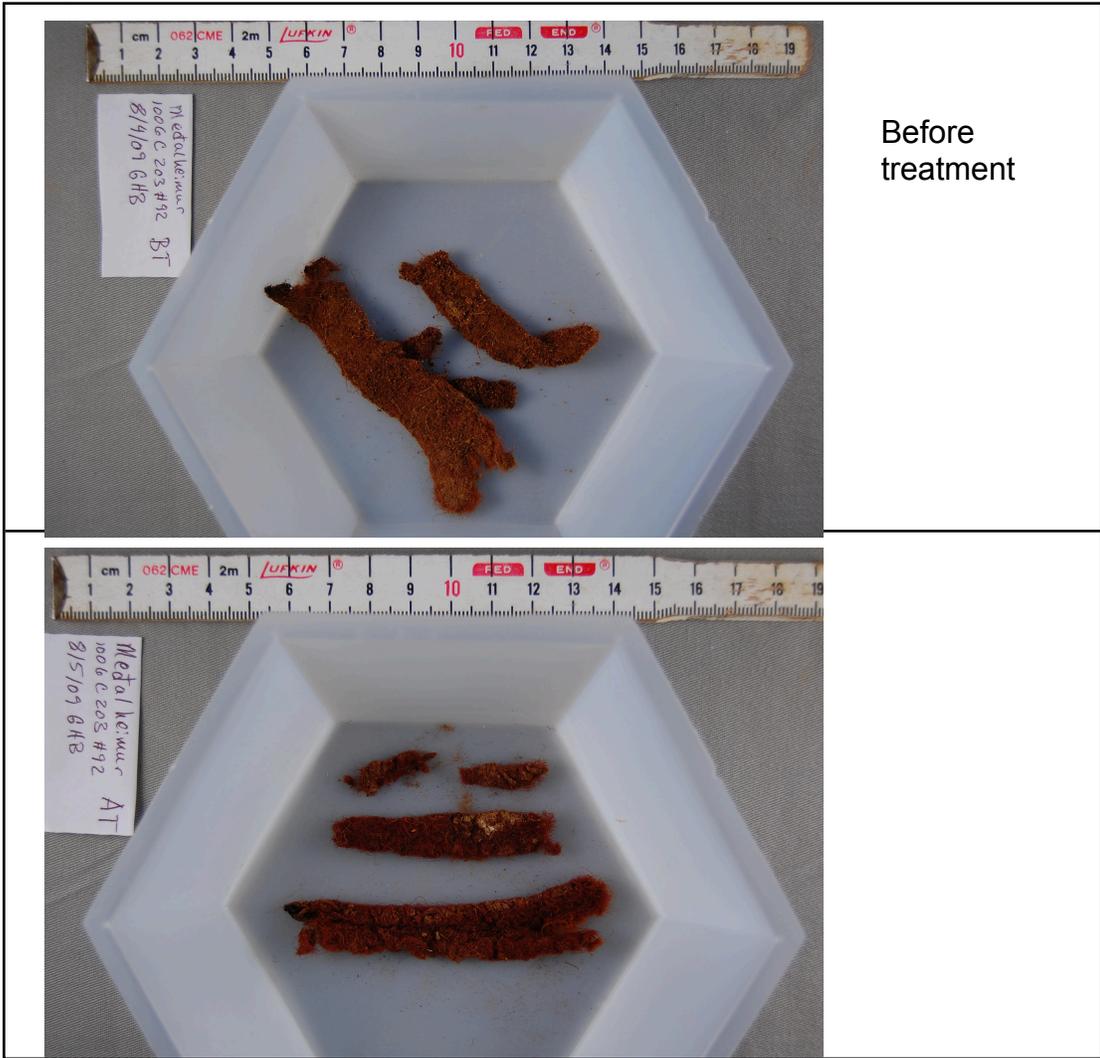
Storage Location
 SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 1

Treatment
 These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations
 Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	93	C	203

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile	Wool?	wool fragment?	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/29/2009	ELB	1006C203F93	8/4/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics
Wool textile fragment, reddish brown color, somewhat felted, possibly hem fragment, 86 x 18mm

Condition
Damp from excavation. Dirt, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the weave. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragments folded/wadded.

Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 1

Treatment
This textile fragment was field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. The fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations

Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment



After treatment

SITE 1006	FIND 94	AREA C	CONTEXT 203
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MATERIAL TYPE Textile	OBJECT TYPE fragment	DESCRIPTION visible weave - linen?	ATTENTION Y
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DATE 7/29/2009	ID ELB	UNIQUE_ID 1006C203F94	Conservation Date 8/4/2009	Conservator Dennis Piechota
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Material Characteristics
Wool textile fragment, plain weave, measured along warp and weft before treatment, 78 mm x 32mm.

Condition
Dirt accumulation, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the weave. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragment folded/wadded.

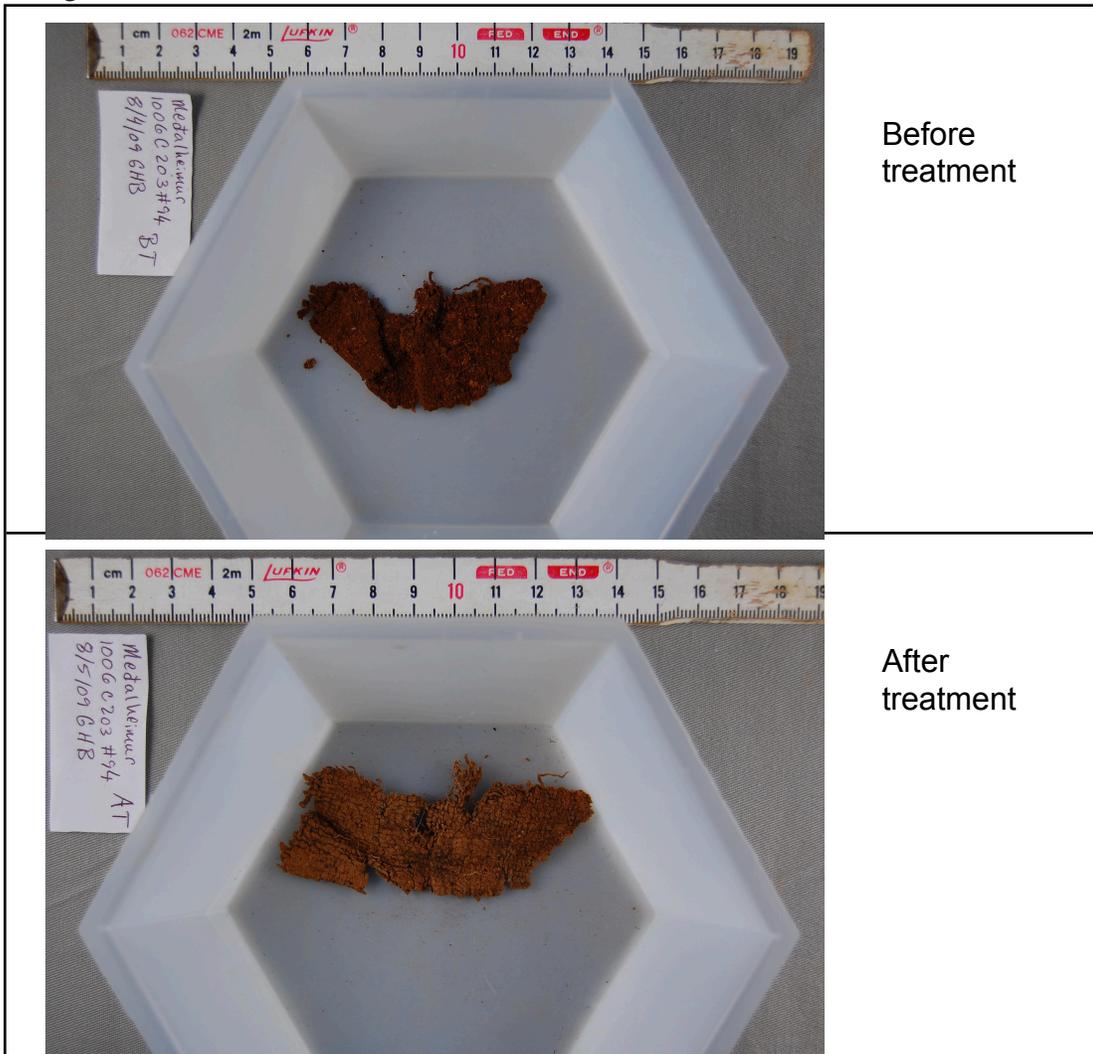
Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 1

Treatment
These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations
Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment

After treatment

SITE 1006	FIND 95	AREA C	CONTEXT 203
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MATERIAL TYPE Textile	OBJECT TYPE wool?	DESCRIPTION 2 fabric fragments	ATTENTION Y
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DATE 7/29/2009	ID ELB	UNIQUE_ID 1006C203F95	Conservation Date 8/4/2009	Conservator Gregory Bailey
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Material Characteristics
3 fragments wool textile, reddish brown color, 1 rectangular, somewhat felted fragment, possibly twill weave, 41 x 32mm; 1 triangular twill weave fragment, 67 x 42mm; 1 triangular fragment, somewhat felted, possibly twill weave, 66 x 36mm

Condition
Damp from excavation. Dirt, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the weave. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragments folded/wadded.

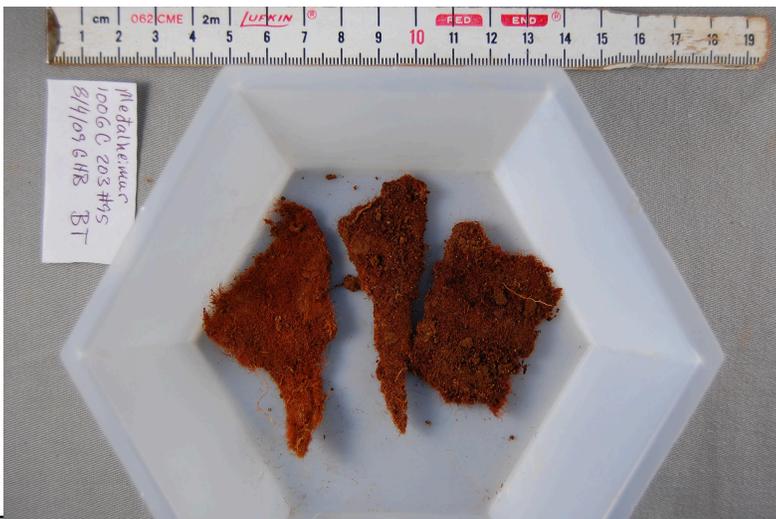
Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 1

Treatment
These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

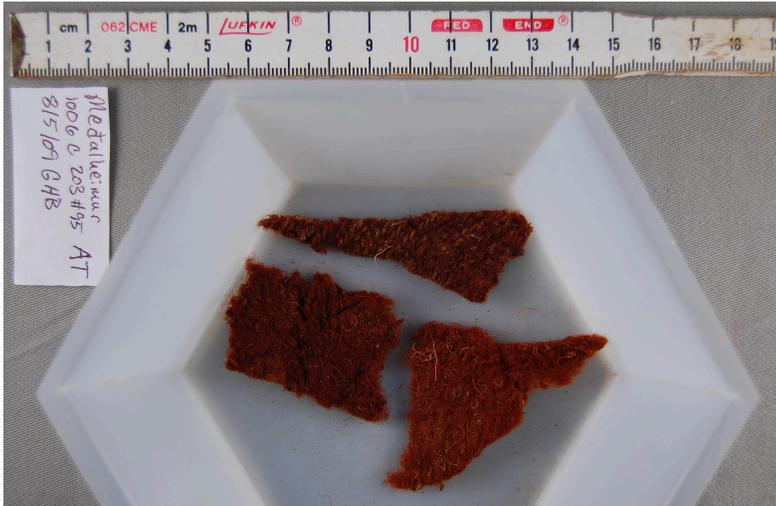
Storage Recommendations
Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment



After treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	96	C	203

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile	fabric fragment	black linen? visible	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/29/2009	AXS	1006C203F96	8/4/2009	Dennis Piechota

Material Characteristics
 2 wool textile fragments, plain weave, black color, measured along warp and weft: 60x x37mm; 22 x 15mm

Condition
 Dirt, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the weave. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragments folded/wadded.

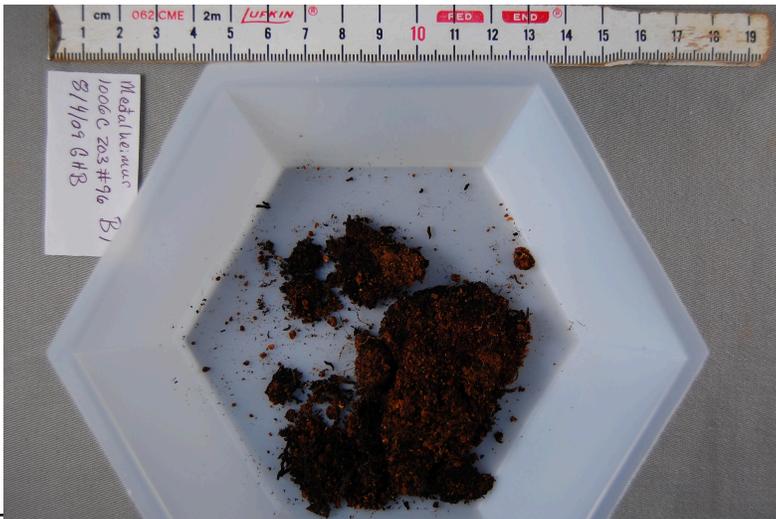
Storage Location
 SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 1

Treatment
 These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations
 Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment



After treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	97	C	203

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile	wool fragments?	wool frags	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/29/2009	AXS	1006C203F97	8/12/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Two fragments of wool textile	Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 1	These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations	Other Notes
Keep flat, do not tilt	

Image



Before treatment



SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	98	C	203

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile	wool?	wool frags	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/29/2009	ELB	1006C203F98		

Material Characteristics
 Large wool textile, twill weave, somewhat felted, reddish color, remnants of sewing along side edges

Condition
 Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.

Storage Location
 SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 2

Treatment
 These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations **Other Notes**

Image



Before treatment



SITE 1006	FIND 99	AREA C	CONTEXT 203
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MATERIAL TYPE Textile	OBJECT TYPE wool?	DESCRIPTION fragments	ATTENTION Y
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DATE 7/30/2009	ID AXS	UNIQUE_ID 1006C203F99	Conservation Date 8/4/2009	Conservator Dennis Piechota
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Material Characteristics
Wool, reddish color, likely roving: washed and carded but unspun, approximately 102 x 58 mm before treatment

Condition
Damp from excavation. Dirt, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the fibers. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragments folded/wadded.

Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 3

Treatment
This fiber sample was field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. The sample was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the sample was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations

Other Notes
This sample shows alignment of fibers and possibly evidence of dyeing, but does not appear to have been spun into yarn. The

Image



Before treatment



After treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	100	C	203

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile	wool?	fragments	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/30/2009	ELB	1006C203F100	8/4/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics
Wool textile fragment, herringbone twill weave, brown color, approximately 90 x 27mm before treatment.

Condition
Damp from excavation. Dirt, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the weave. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragments folded/wadded.

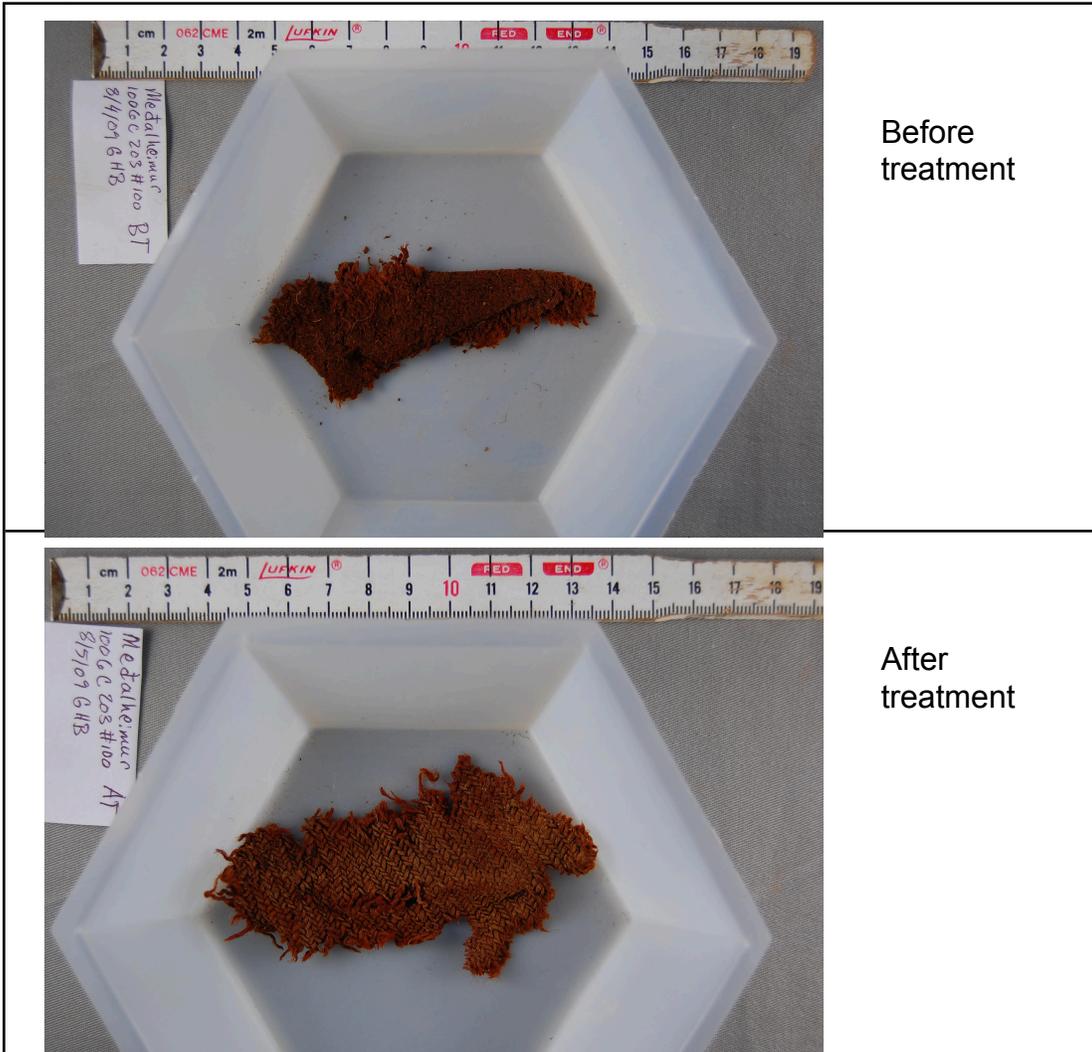
Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 3

Treatment
This textile fragment was field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded areas to allow for preliminary study. The fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations
Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment

After treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	101	C	204

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Metal	copper fragment	copper piece from	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/30/2009	ARY	1006C204F101	7/30/2009	Gregory Bailey

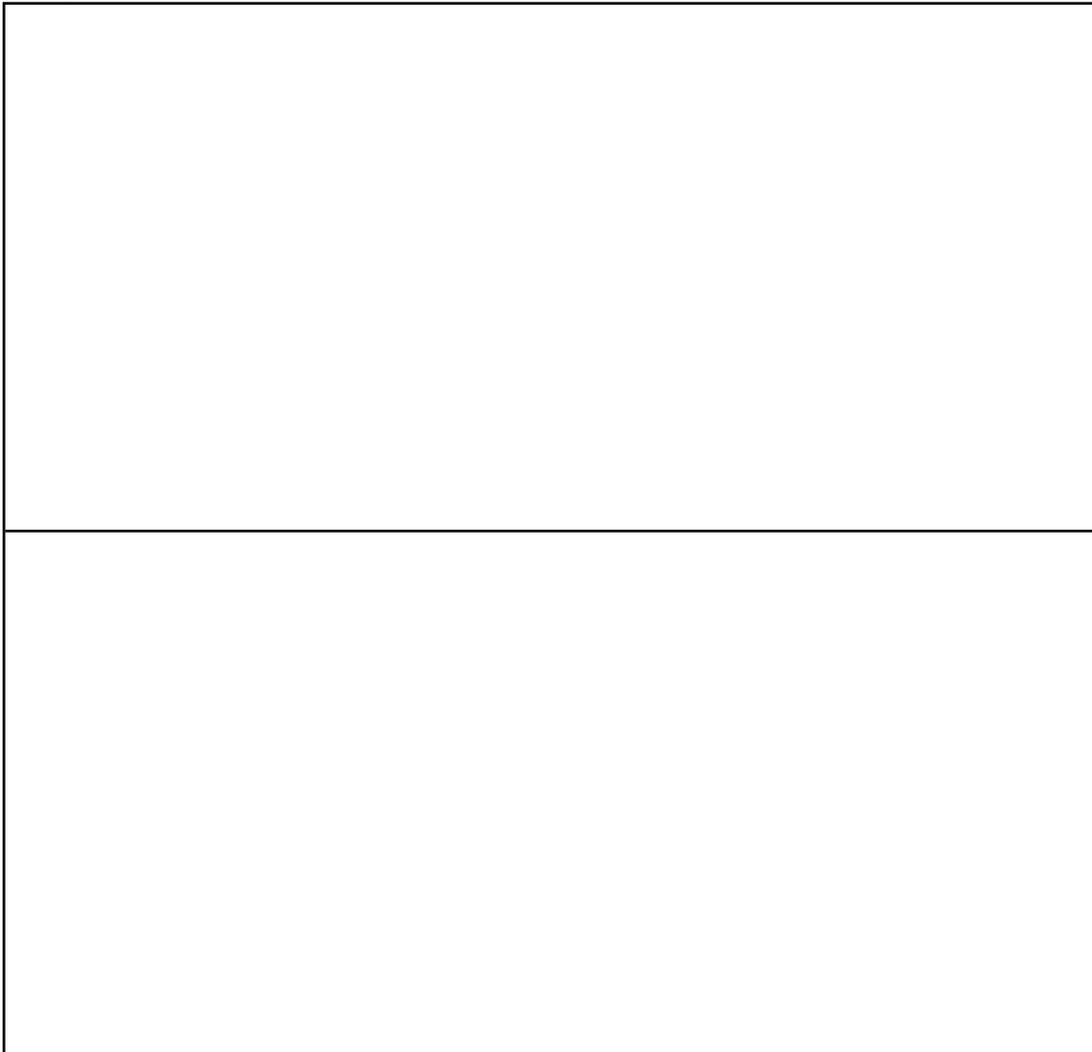
Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Copper metal fragment, concave, with raised band on one surface, 36 x 21 x 3mm, 12.3g	Dirt, midden (organics, peat ash, etc.), corrosion present on all surfaces.	SASS 1006 2009 Box Metals Container	Cleaned mechanically using bamboo skewers and soft nylon bristle brush. Samples of fibers and organics placed in 1ml vial and retained with object.

Storage Recommendations

Other Notes

Appears to be associated with 1006 finds # 91 and # 88, though they do not share break edges.

Image



SITE 1006	FIND 102	AREA C	CONTEXT 204
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MATERIAL TYPE Metal	OBJECT TYPE iron fragment	DESCRIPTION fragment under 5 cm	ATTENTION Y
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DATE 7/30/2009	ID ARY	UNIQUE_ID 1006C204F102	Conservation Date 7/30/2009	Conservator Gregory Bailey
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Material Characteristics
Copper metal fragment, appears possibly to be flattened oval pan or lid, with fibers, organics, and black tar-like (pitch?) materials on the surface, 64 x 52 x 8mm, 28.8g, with 9mm section of S-twist cordage or yarn.

Condition
Dirt, corrosion, concretion, midden deposits present on all surfaces.

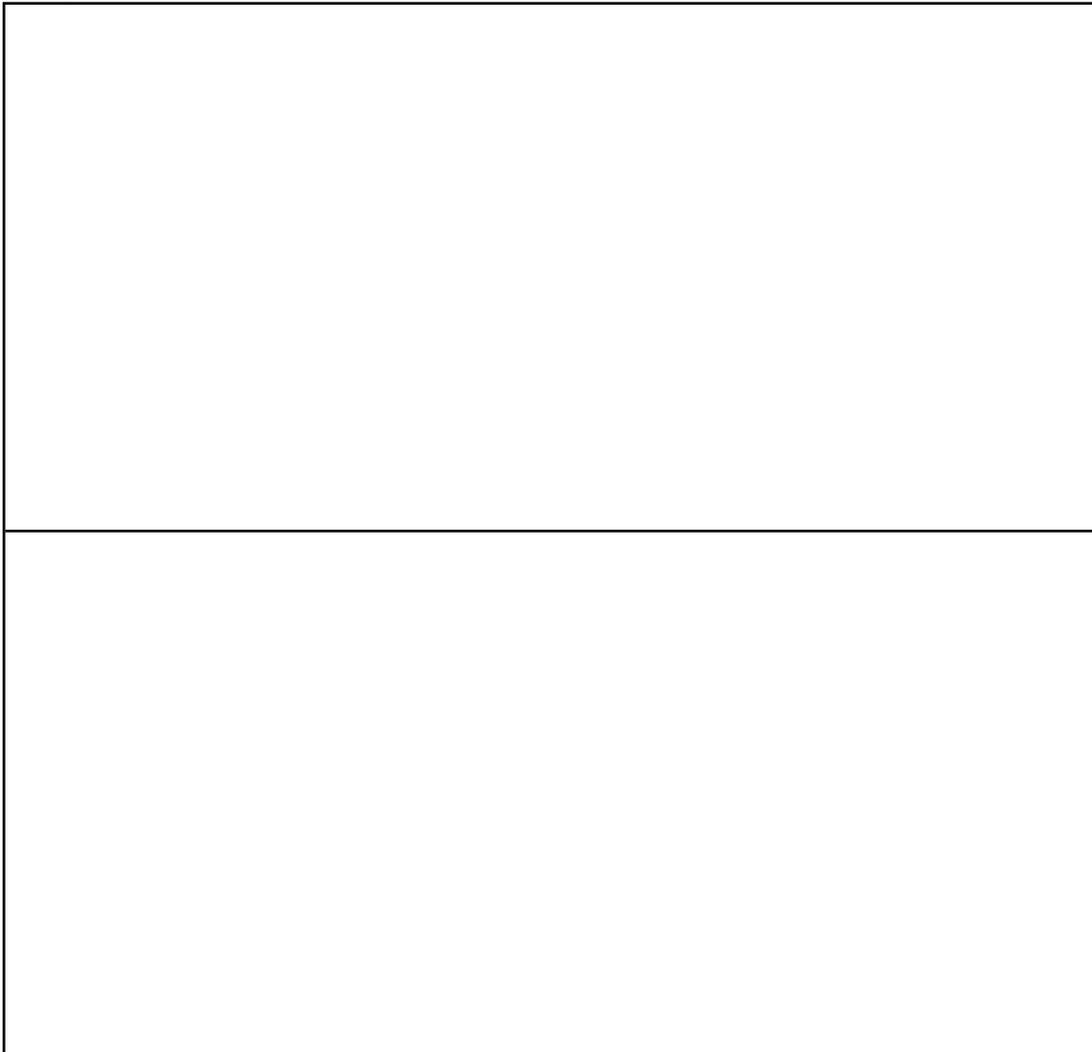
Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Box Metals Container

Treatment
Cleaned mechanically using bamboo skewers and soft hair bristle brush. Samples of surface material removed were placed in 2.5ml vial and retained with object. Section of cordage or yarn placed in 1ml vial and retained with object.

Storage Recommendations

Other Notes

Image



SITE 1006 **FIND** 103 **AREA** C **CONTEXT** 204

MATERIAL TYPE Lithic **OBJECT TYPE** whetstone **DESCRIPTION** fragment of small **ATTENTION** N

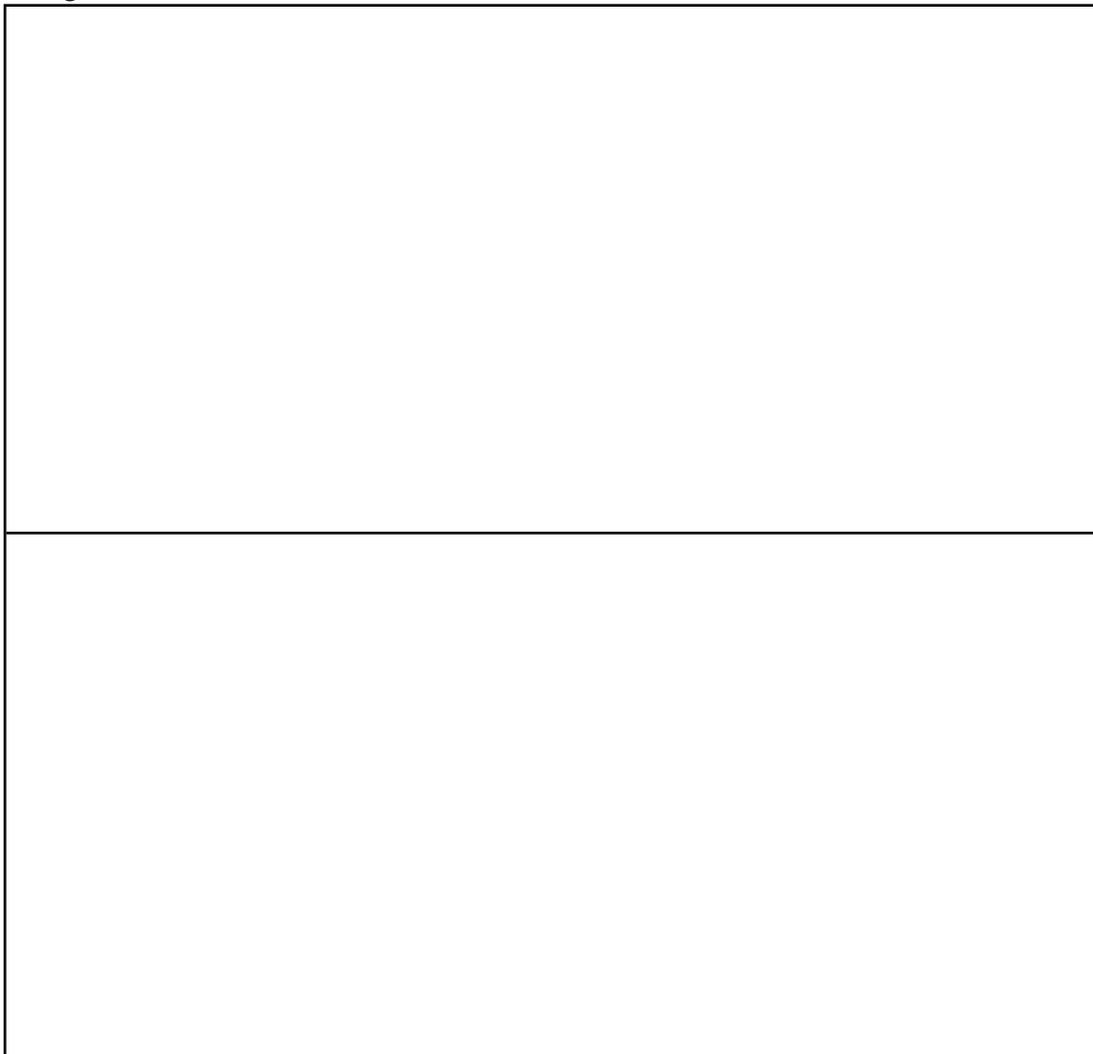
DATE 7/30/2009 **ID** ARY **UNIQUE_ID** 1006C204F103 **Conservation Date** 7/30/2009 **Conservator** Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Stone, possibly whetstone fragment, rounded rectangle in cross-section, 38 x 18 x 6mm, 13.7g	Dirt present on all surfaces, one break edge.	SASS 1006 2009 Box	Cleaned mechanically using a soft nylon bristle brush.

Storage Recommendations

Other Notes

Image



SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	104	C	204

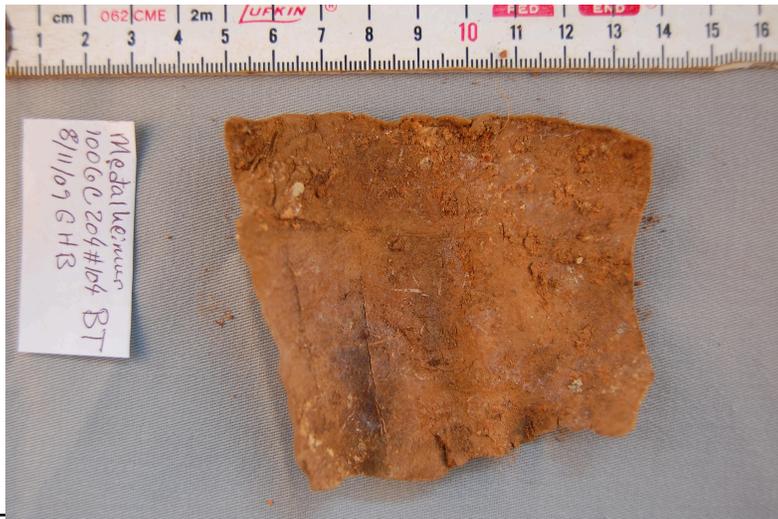
MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Leather	Fragment	Square piece of leather	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/30/2009	ELB	1006C204F104	8/11/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Leather fragment, may show signs of stitching along one side	Brittle, some mold activity, warped, dirt/deposits present on all surfaces.	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 3	Cleaned mechanically with soft hair bristle brush to reduce surface dirt. Placed in humidity chamber with deionized water and isopropyl alcohol to humidify before flattening and discourage mold growth for three days. Removed and gently flattened, then allowed to dry to ambient conditions overnight.

Storage Recommendations **Other Notes**

Image



Before treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	105	C	204

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Metal	Iron nail	Iron nail	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/30/2009	ARY	1006C204F105	7/30/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Iron nail, 43 x 18 x 10mm, 9.1g	Dirt, corrosion present on 90% of surfaces.	SASS 1006 2009 Box Metals Box	Cleaned mechanically using bamboo skewers and soft nylon bristle brush. The object was then scrubbed gently with a stiff nylon bristle brush under running tap water. After wrapping in aluminum foil, the object was immersed in a galvanic bath (5% by weight sodium carbonate in deionized water) beginning. After one week, object was removed and scrubbed with a nylon bristle brush. The object was allowed to dry over night, and then placed in a low concentration (~1% by weight) solution of tannic acid in deionized water. After three days, the object was removed and scrubbed once again, then left to dry. After drying, two final treatments of tannic acid solution (10% by weight in deionized water with a small amount of isopropyl alcohol) were applied, with approximately 3 hours between applications.

Storage Recommendations **Other Notes**

Image



Before treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	106	C	204

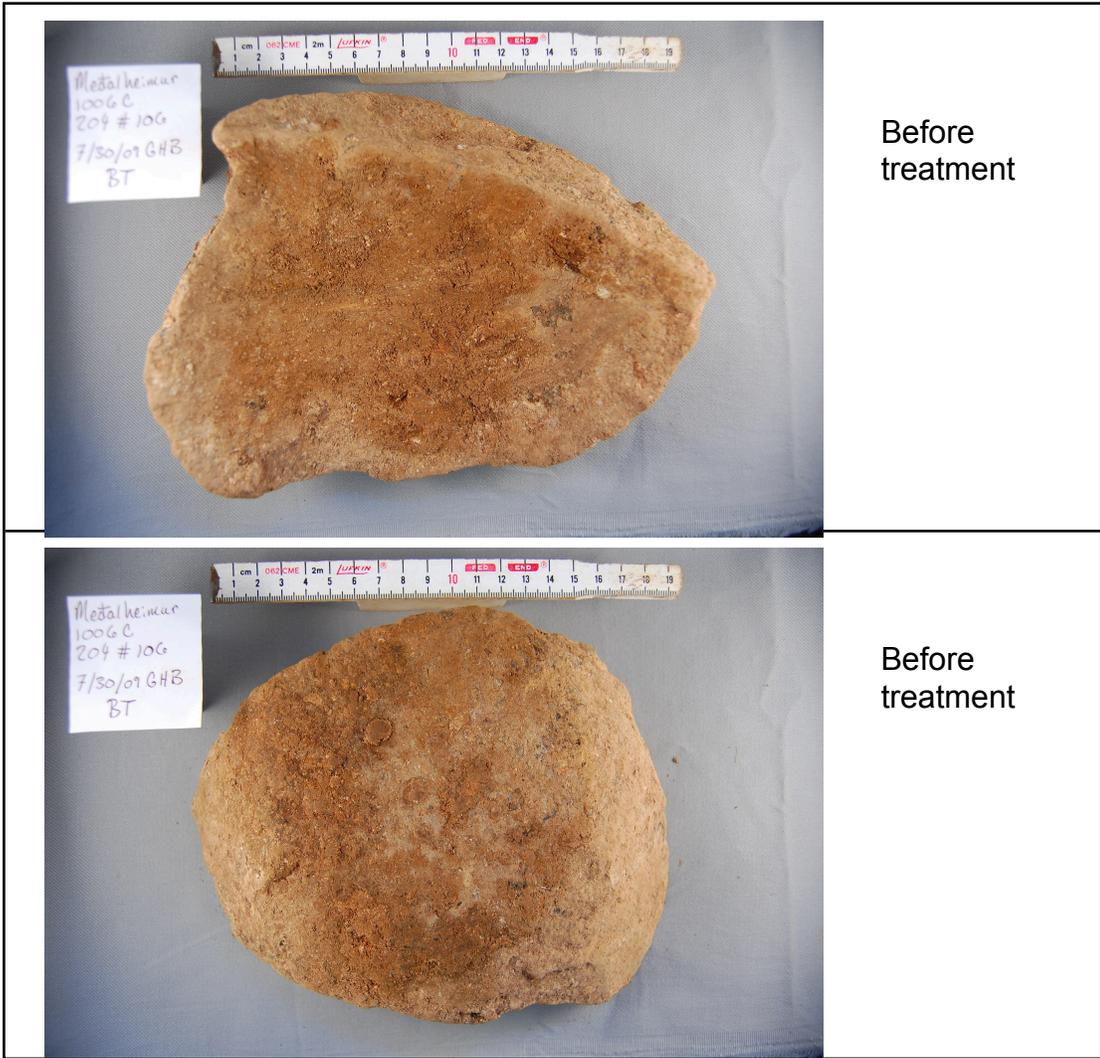
MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Lithic	quern?	heavy, concave, worn	N

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/30/2009	AXS	1006C204F106	7/31/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Worked stone fragment, concave,	Dirt, charcoal, midden deposits, organic materials present on all surfaces. Damp from excavation.	SASS 1006 2009 Box	Object was left to air dry for three days. This object was not cleaned, to preserve any use/context information present in the materials deposited on the surface.

Storage Recommendations **Other Notes**

Image



SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	109	C	205

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile	Fragments	Pieces of cloth	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/31/2009	ELB	1006C205F109	8/12/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Number of wool textile fragments	Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 3	These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations	Other Notes
Keep flat, do not tilt	

Image



Before treatment

SITE 1006 **FIND** 110 **AREA** C **CONTEXT** 205

MATERIAL TYPE Leather **OBJECT TYPE** **DESCRIPTION** Thin square piece of **ATTENTION** Y

DATE 7/31/2009 **ID** ELB **UNIQUE_ID** 1006C205F110 **Conservation Date** 8/11/2009 **Conservator** Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Leather fragment	Thin, torn, brittle, damp, surface dirt/deposits present on all surfaces	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 3	Cleaned mechanically using soft hair bristle brush to reduce surface soiling, then placed in a humidity chamber for three days with deionized water and isopropyl alcohol. Removed and gently flattened, then allowed to dry to ambient conditions overnight.

Storage Recommendations Monitor for mold **Other Notes** Further treatment/assessment recommended

Image



Before treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	111	C	205

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Wool string	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/31/2009	AXS	1006C205F111	8/4/2009	Dennis Piechota

Material Characteristics
Wool yarn, reddish color,
103 x 5mm

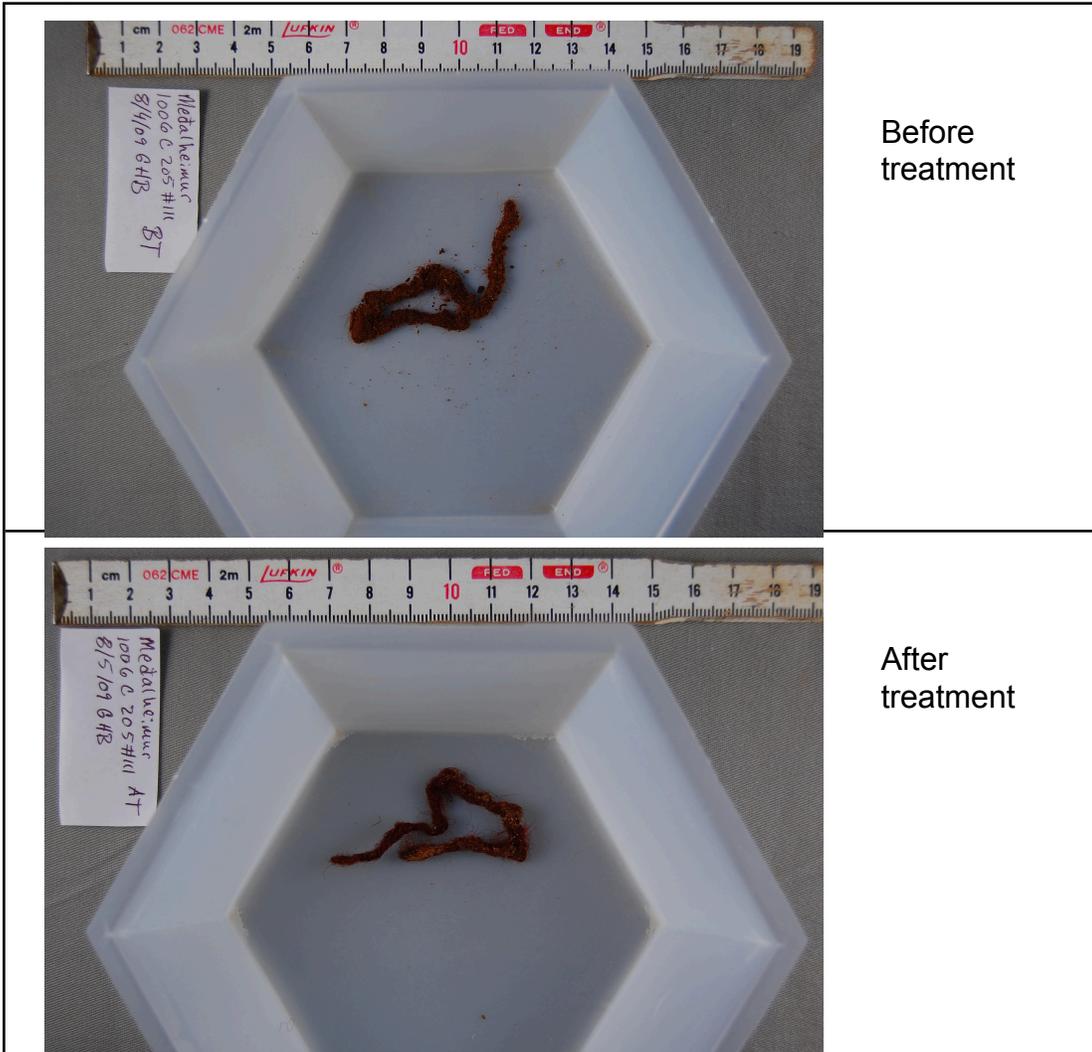
Condition
Damp from excavation.
Dirt, midden deposits
present on all surfaces and
within the fibers.
Folded/wadded.

Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics
Box 3

Treatment
This wool fragment was field
treated to remove bulk soil
matrix and to relax wadded and
folded portions to allow for
preliminary study.
This object was placed on a
section of plastic window
screening and immersed in a
tray of deionized water to which
a small amount of isopropyl
alcohol had been added as a
wetting agent. Both sides were
repeatedly tamped with a soft
brush to loosen adhering soil
matrix and flushed with
deionized water to clear the
soiling. Creases were teased
open during the cleaning and
substantially flattened.
Following cleaning the object
was de-watered in a small
container of isopropyl alcohol to
reduce the tendency of
degraded felted wool to mat
unnaturally. It was then air-
dried to remove the alcohol and
residual water.

Storage Recommendations **Other Notes**

Image



Before
treatment

After
treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	112	C	205

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Fragments of reddish	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/31/2009	ELB	1006C205F112	8/12/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Number of wool textile fragments	Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 3	These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations	Other Notes
Keep flat, do not tilt	

Image



SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	113	C	205

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Pieces of reddish cloth	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/31/2009	ELB	1006C205F113	8/4/2009	Dennis Piechota

Material Characteristics
 5 fragments wool textile, reddish color, somewhat felted, some fragments may be herringbone twill weave, hem fragments may be included. Before treatment, measured along warp and weft: 78 x 30mm; 67 x 20mm; 43 x 24mm; 80 x 27mm; 22 x 16mm.

Condition
 Damp from excavation. Dirt, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the weave. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragments folded/wadded.

Storage Location
 SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 3

Treatment
 These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

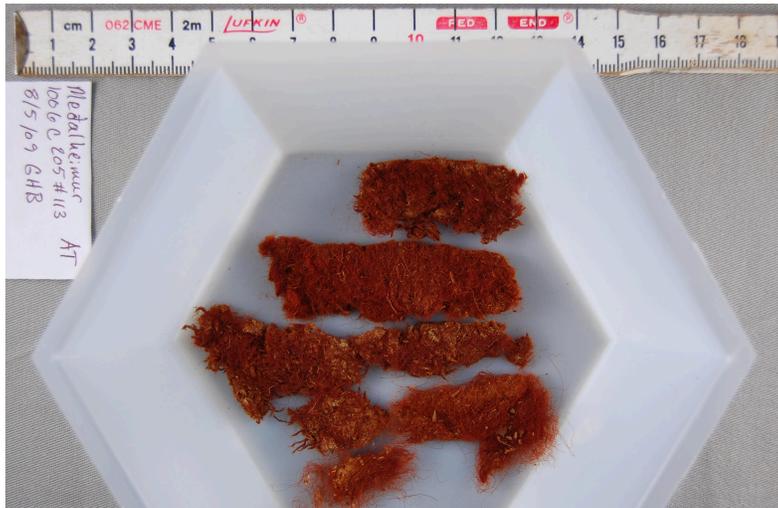
Storage Recommendations
 Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment



After treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	114	C	205

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Pieces of reddish cloth	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/31/2009	ELB	1006C205F114	8/4/2009	Dennis Piechota

Material Characteristics
 2 wool textile fragments, reddish color, 1 plain weave, measured along warp and weft before treatment, 91 x 44mm; 1 herring bone twill weave, measured along warp and weft before treatment, 73 x 35mm

Condition
 Damp from excavation. Dirt, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the weave. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragments folded/wadded.

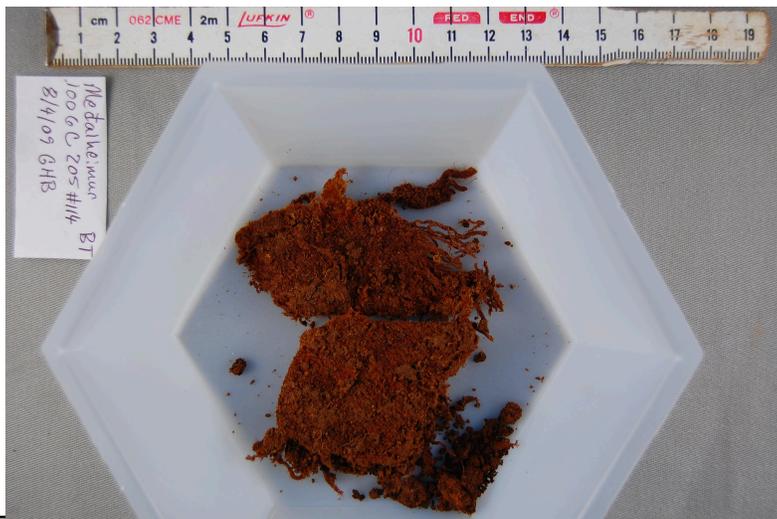
Storage Location
 SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 3

Treatment
 These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations
 Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment



After treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	116	C	206

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Pieces of wool from	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
7/31/2009	ARY	1006C206F116		

Material Characteristics
 Number of wool textile fragments from screen

Condition
 Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.

Storage Location
 SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 4

Treatment
 These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations
 Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment

SITE 1006 **FIND** 117 **AREA** C **CONTEXT** 206

MATERIAL TYPE Textile **OBJECT TYPE** Pieces of cloth **DESCRIPTION** **ATTENTION** Y

DATE 7/31/2009 **ID** AXS **UNIQUE_ID** 1006C206F117 **Conservation Date** 8/12/2009 **Conservator** Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics
5 fragments of wool textile

Condition
Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.

Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 4

Treatment
These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations Keep flat, do not tilt **Other Notes**

Image



SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	118	C	206

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Pieces of cloth	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
8/1/2009	ELB	1006C206F118	8/4/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics
Wool textile fragment, reddish brown color, plain weave, folded several times, 64 x 45mm before treatment

Condition
Damp from excavation. Dirt, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the weave. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragments folded/wadded.

Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 4

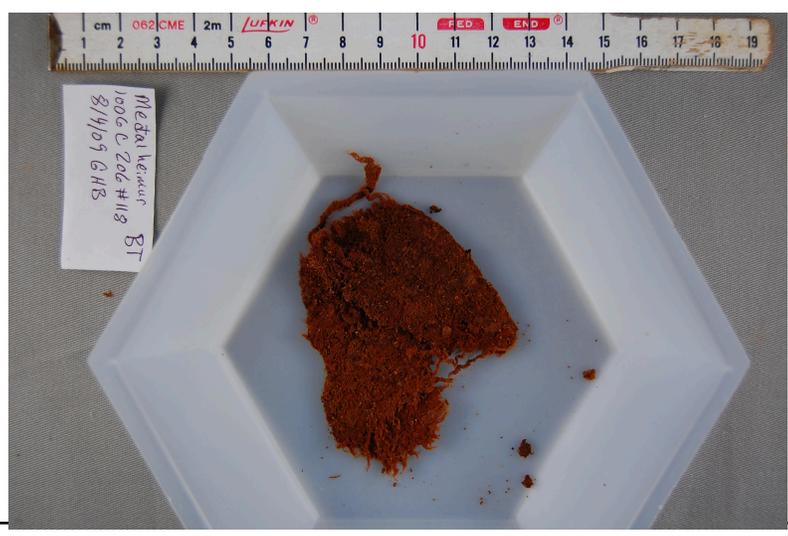
Treatment
This textile fragment was field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded areas to allow for preliminary study. The fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations

Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment



After treatment

SITE 1006 FIND 119 AREA C CONTEXT 206

MATERIAL TYPE Metal OBJECT TYPE Nail DESCRIPTION Bent iron nail from ATTENTION Y

DATE 8/1/2009 ID ARY UNIQUE_ID 1006C206F119 Conservation Date 8/3/2009 Conservator Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics Iron hook, U-shaped, square/rectangular in cross section, slightly tapered, 50 x 30 x 8mm, 14.0g

Condition Dirt, corrosion, roots present on all surfaces

Storage Location SASS 1006 2009 Box Metals Container

Treatment Cleaned mechanically using bamboo skewers and soft nylon bristle brush. Object was then scrubbed with a stiff nylon bristle brush, wrapped in aluminum foil, and placed in a galvanic bath (5% by weight sodium carbonate in deionized water). After five days, object was removed and scrubbed with a nylon bristle brush. The object was allowed to dry over night, and then placed in a low concentration (~1% by weight) solution of tannic acid in deionized water. After three days, the object was removed and scrubbed once again, then left to dry. After drying, two final treatments of tannic acid solution (10% by weight in deionized water with a small amount of isopropyl alcohol) were applied, with approximately 3 hours between applications.

Storage Recommendations Other Notes

Image



Before treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	121	C	207

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Fragments of wool	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
8/01/2009	ARY	1006C207F121	8/12/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Number of wool textile fragments	Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 4	These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened.

Storage Recommendations	Other Notes
Keep flat, do not tilt	

Image



Before treatment

Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	123	C	207

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Metal	Nail	Fragment of iron nail	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
8/01/2009	AXS	1006C207F123	8/3/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Iron object, possibly nail, 36 x 25 x 16mm, 11.0g	Dirt, corrosion, concretion present on all surfaces.	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 5	Cleaned mechanically and corrosion reduced using bamboo skewers and a soft nylon bristle brush. Object was then scrubbed with a stiff nylon bristle brush, wrapped in aluminum foil, and immersed in a galvanic bath (5% by weight sodium carbonate in deionized water). After five days, object was removed and scrubbed with a nylon bristle brush. The object was allowed to dry over night, and then placed in a low concentration (~1% by weight) solution of tannic acid in deionized water. After three days, the object was removed and scrubbed once again, then left to dry. After drying, two final treatments of tannic acid solution (10% by weight in deionized water with a small amount of isopropyl alcohol) were applied, with approximately 3 hours between applications.

Storage Recommendations **Other Notes**

Image



Before treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	122	C	207

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Wool fragments	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
8/01/2009	ELB	1006C207F122	8/12/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Number of wool textile fragments	Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 5	These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations	Other Notes
Keep flat, do not tilt	

Image



SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	125	C	207

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Pieces of wool	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
8/1/2009	ELB	1006C207F125	8/12/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Wool textile fragment, diamond shape, twill weave; 2-ply spun wool yarn, tied in bow	Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 5	These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations	Other Notes
Keep flat, do not tilt	

Image



Before treatment



After treatment

SITE 1006	FIND 126	AREA C	CONTEXT 207
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MATERIAL TYPE Textile	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION Pieces of cloth	ATTENTION Y
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DATE 8/01/2009	ID ELB	UNIQUE_ID 1006C207F126	Conservation Date 8/12/2009	Conservator Gregory Bailey
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Material Characteristics
Number of wool textile fragments

Condition
Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.

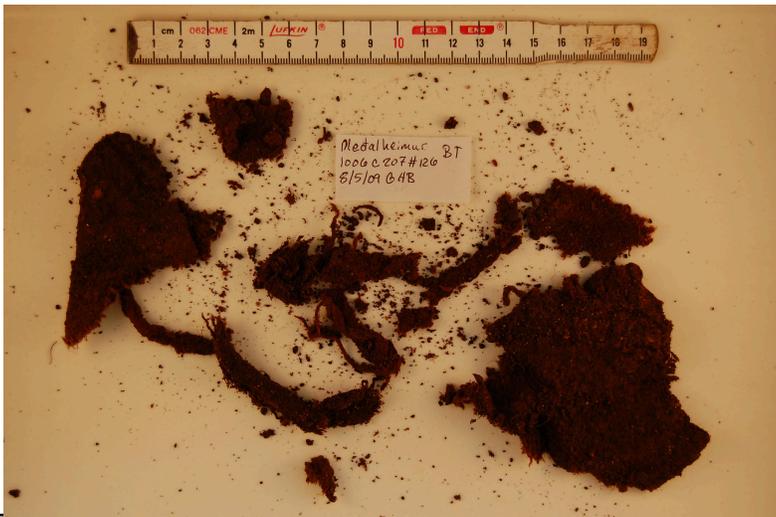
Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 5

Treatment
These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations
Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	128	C	208

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Small pieces of reddish	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
8/03/2009	ARY	1006C208F128	8/12/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Large number of wool textile fragments from screen.	Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded, damaged from screen	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 6	These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations

Other Notes
 Not all fragments from this find were treated because of time constraints- treated fragments were placed in dry storage with other textiles; untreated fragments were placed in cold storage with other untreated finds.

Image



Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

SITE 1006	FIND 129	AREA C	CONTEXT 208
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MATERIAL TYPE Textile	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION Pieces of reddish coth	ATTENTION Y
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DATE 8/03/2009	ID ELB	UNIQUE_ID 1006C208F129	Conservation Date 8/4/2009	Conservator Gregory Bailey
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Material Characteristics
2 wool textile fragments, light brown, orange, and dark brown in color, 1 herring bone twill weave fragment, approximately 46 x 30mm before treatment; 1 plain weave fragment with two seams, 2-ply stitching thread intact, approximately 52 x 27mm before treatment.

Condition
Damp from excavation. Dirt, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the weave. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragments folded/wadded. Differential staining of the fragments by area and surface.

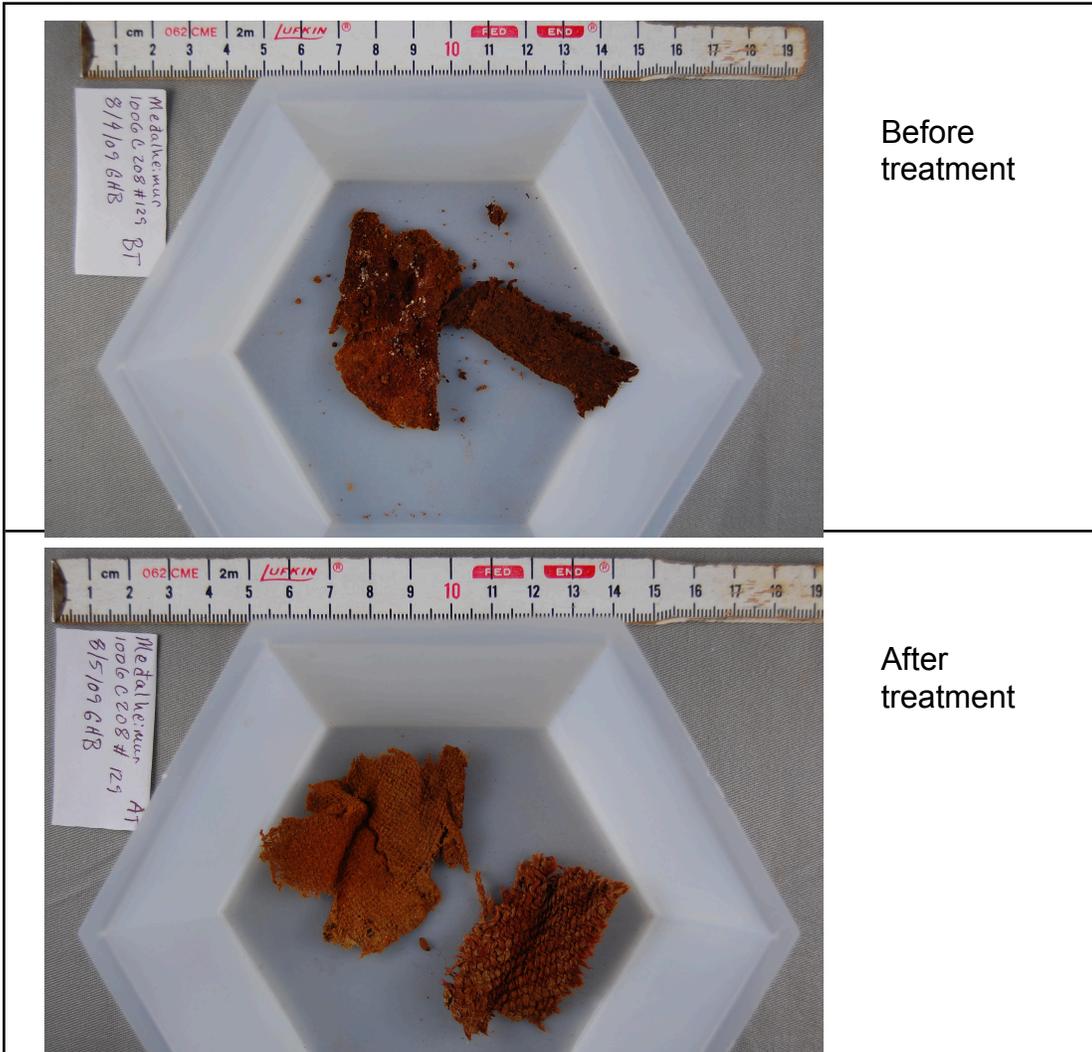
Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 7

Treatment
These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations
Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes
Oval detritus, possibly insect pupal sack, dislodged from within the seam area of plain weave fragment during treatment, retained with object in sample vial.

Image



Before treatment

After treatment

SITE 1006 **FIND** 130 **AREA** C **CONTEXT** 208

MATERIAL TYPE Leather **OBJECT TYPE** Fragment **DESCRIPTION** Very thin torn piece of **ATTENTION** Y

DATE 8/03/2009 **ID** ELB **UNIQUE_ID** 1006C208F130 **Conservation Date** 8/11/2009 **Conservator** Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Thin fragment of leather	Torn, brittle, folded, damp, surfaces soiling	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 7	Cleaned mechanically with a soft hair bristle brush to reduce surface deposits/soiling and placed in a humidity chamber for three days with deionized water and a small amount of isopropyl alcohol to humidify. Removed and gently flattened, then allowed to dry to ambient conditions overnight.

Storage Recommendations

Other Notes

Image



SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	131	C	208

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Pieces of cloth	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
8/03/2009	ELB	1006C208F131	8/4/2009	Dennis Piechota

Material Characteristics
 4 wool textile fragments, 1 reddish in color, somewhat felted, with whip-stitching along two edges, measured along warp and weft before treatment, 138 x 33mm; 3 brown color, herring bone twill weave fragments, measured along warp and weft before treatment, 64 x 38mm; 69 x 45mm, 18 x 10mm

Condition
 Damp from excavation. Dirt, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the weave. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragments folded/wadded.

Storage Location
 SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 7

Treatment
 These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations
 Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes
 Small circular and oval detritus, possibly insect eggs/pupal sacks were found in the fold of the herring bone twill fragment during treatment. Samples were placed in a 1ml vial and retained with the object.

Image



Before treatment



SITE 1006	FIND 133	AREA C	CONTEXT 209
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MATERIAL TYPE Textile	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION Pieces of cloth from	ATTENTION Y
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DATE 8/03/2009	ID ARY	UNIQUE_ID 1006C209F133	Conservation Date 8/12/2009	Conservator Gregory Bailey
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Material Characteristics
Large number of wool textile fragments from screen

Condition
Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded, damaged from screen

Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 7

Treatment
These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations
Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	134	C	209

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Pieces of cloth	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
8/03/2009	ELB	1006C209F134	8/4/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics
Wool textile fragment, brown color, herring bone twill weave, folded, approximately 54 x 43mm before treatment.

Condition
Damp from excavation. Dirt, midden deposits present on all surfaces and within the weave. Some penetration of root hairs. Fragments folded/wadded.

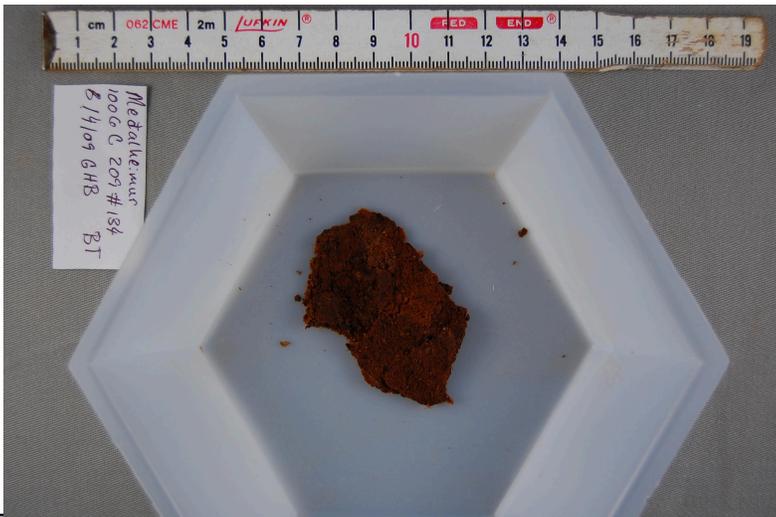
Storage Location
SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 7

Treatment
This textile fragment was field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. The fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. During this process, two small fragments detached from the main object, 19 x 15mm and 10 x 4mm. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations
Keep flat, do not tilt

Other Notes

Image



Before treatment



After treatment

SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	136	C	210

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Textile		Pieces of cloth from	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
8/04/2009	ARY	1006C210F136	8/12/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Large number of wool textile fragments from screen	Damp from excavation; dirt, midden deposits present on surface, some root hair penetration. Fragments are folded/wadded.	SASS 1006 2009 Organics Box 7	These textile fragments were field treated to remove bulk soil matrix and to relax wadded and folded fragments to allow for preliminary study. Each fragment was placed on a section of plastic window screening and immersed in a tray of deionized water to which a small amount of isopropyl alcohol had been added as a wetting agent. Both sides were repeatedly tamped with a soft brush to loosen adhering soil matrix and flushed with deionized water to clear the soiling. If necessary the fragment was transferred to a fresh water bath to continue the cleaning process. Creases in the fragment were teased open during the cleaning and substantially flattened. Following cleaning the fragment was de-watered in a small container of isopropyl alcohol to reduce the tendency of degraded felted wool to mat unnaturally. It was then air-dried to remove the alcohol and residual water.

Storage Recommendations	Other Notes
Keep flat, do not tilt	

Image



Before treatment

SITE 1006 **FIND** 137 **AREA** C **CONTEXT** 210

MATERIAL TYPE Lithic **OBJECT TYPE** Obsidian **DESCRIPTION** Piece of obsidian - **ATTENTION** N

DATE 8/04/2009 **ID** ELB **UNIQUE_ID** 1006C210F137 **Conservation Date** 8/11/2009 **Conservator** Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Obsidian with conchoidal fractures, 30 x 28 x 21mm	Dirt present on all surfaces	SASS 1006 2009 Box	Cleaned mechanically using a soft hair bristle brush and bamboo skewer. Washed with deionized water rolled on swabs.

Storage Recommendations

Other Notes

Image



SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	140	C	212

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
Metal		bent piece of iron,	Y

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
8/06/2009	ELB	1006C212F140	8/11/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Curved iron object, 40 x 22 x 13mm	Dirt and corrosion on all surfaces. Object is brittle, shows signs of previous spalls	SASS 1006 2009 Box Metals Container	Cleaned mechanically using bamboo skewers and nylon bristle brush. Object was broken during this phase of treatment. Break edges were cleaned with isopropyl alcohol and joined with B-72 in acetone. Object was then treated with three applications of tannic acid solution (10% by weight tannic acid in deionized water with small amount of isopropyl alcohol) rolled on cotton swabs with three hours between applications.
Storage Recommendations	Other Notes		

Image



Before treatment



After treatment

SITE 1006 **FIND** 144 **AREA** C **CONTEXT** 112

MATERIAL TYPE **OBJECT TYPE** **DESCRIPTION** **ATTENTION**

Textile

DATE 8/13/2009	ID ELB	UNIQUE_ID 1006C112F144	Conservation Date 8/14/2009	Conservator Gregory Bailey
Material Characteristics Small reddish wool textile fragment.	Condition	Storage Location Cold Storage	Treatment None-- placed in cold storage	

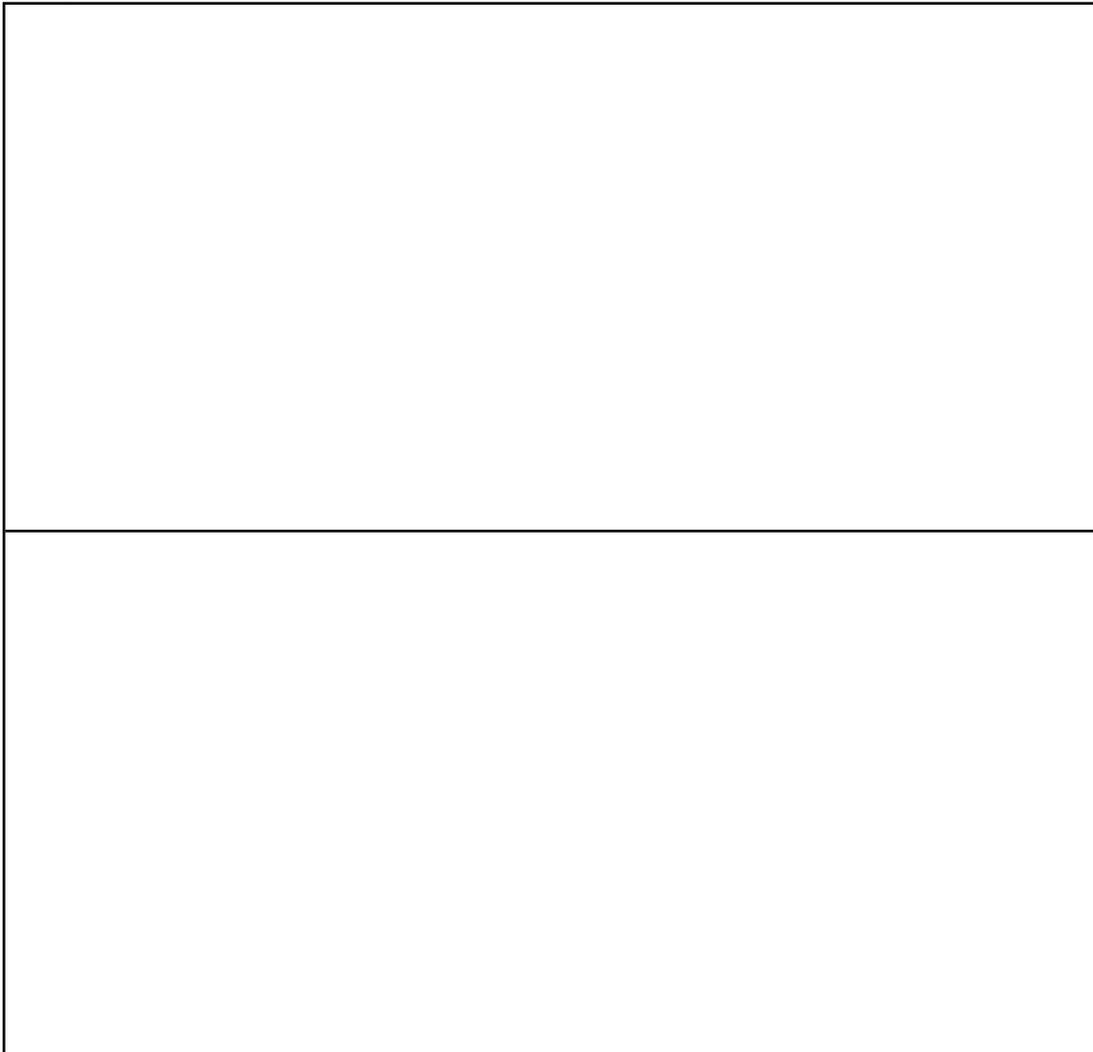
Storage Recommendations

Keep cool and humid

Other Notes

Further treatment/assessment recommended

Image



SITE 1006	FIND 142	AREA C	CONTEXT 212
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MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
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Metal

DATE 8/14/2009	ID ELB	UNIQUE_ID 1006C212F142	Conservation Date 8/14/2009	Conservator Gregory Bailey
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Material Characteristics 2 pieces of iron, appear to be associated; bar, 24 x 10 x 4mm; bell-shaped piece, 34 x 20 x 16mm	Condition Damp, dirt, corrosion present on all surfaces.	Storage Location SASS 1006 2009 Box Metals Container	Treatment Cleaned mechanically using bamboo skewers and soft nylon bristle brush. Documented and placed in dry storage.
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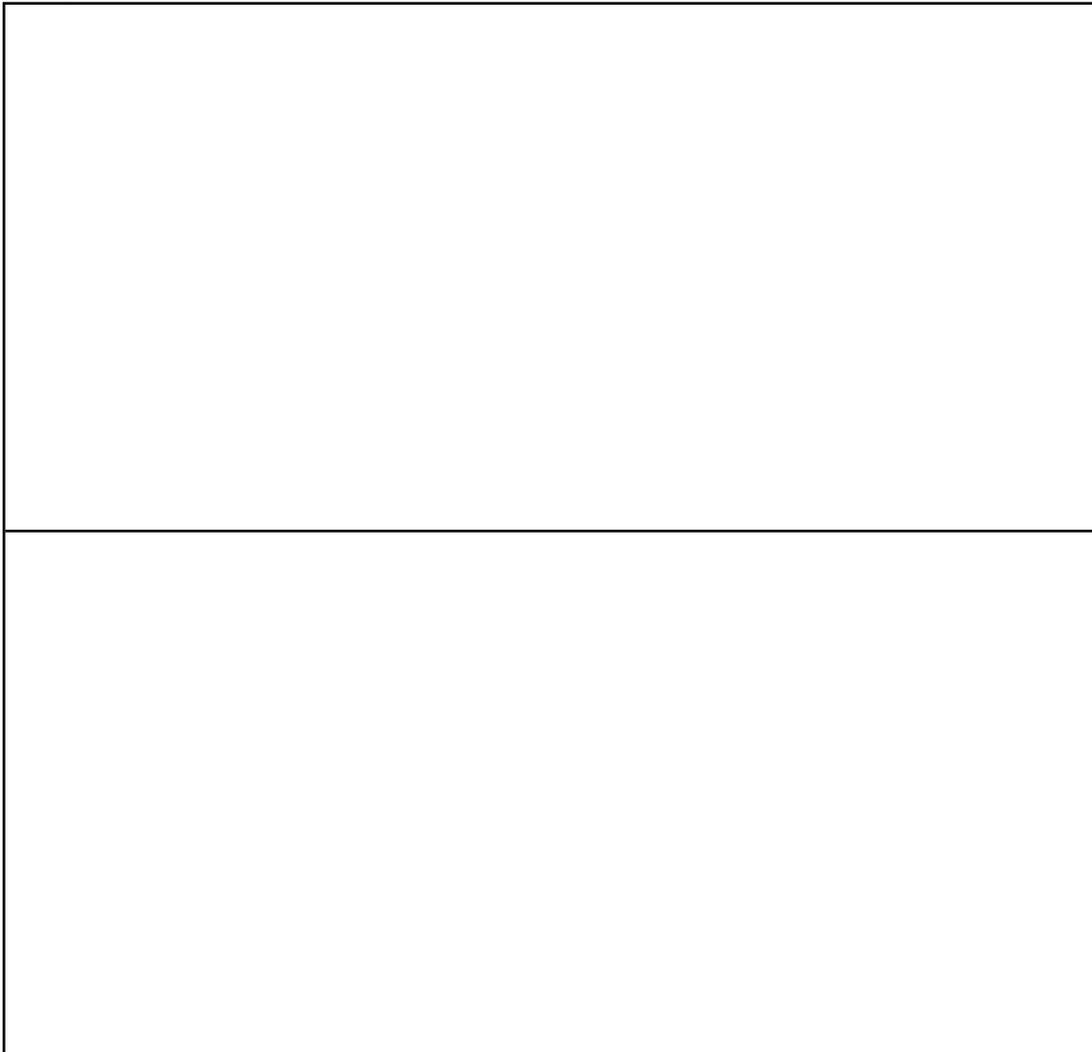
Storage Recommendations

Monitor for corrosion

Other Notes

Further treatment/assessment of this piece is recommended

Image



SITE 1006 **FIND** 143 **AREA** C **CONTEXT** 112

MATERIAL TYPE **OBJECT TYPE** **DESCRIPTION** **ATTENTION**

Ceramic

DATE 8/13/2009 **ID** AMS **UNIQUE_ID** 1006C112F143 **Conservation Date** 8/14/2009 **Conservator** Gregory Bailey

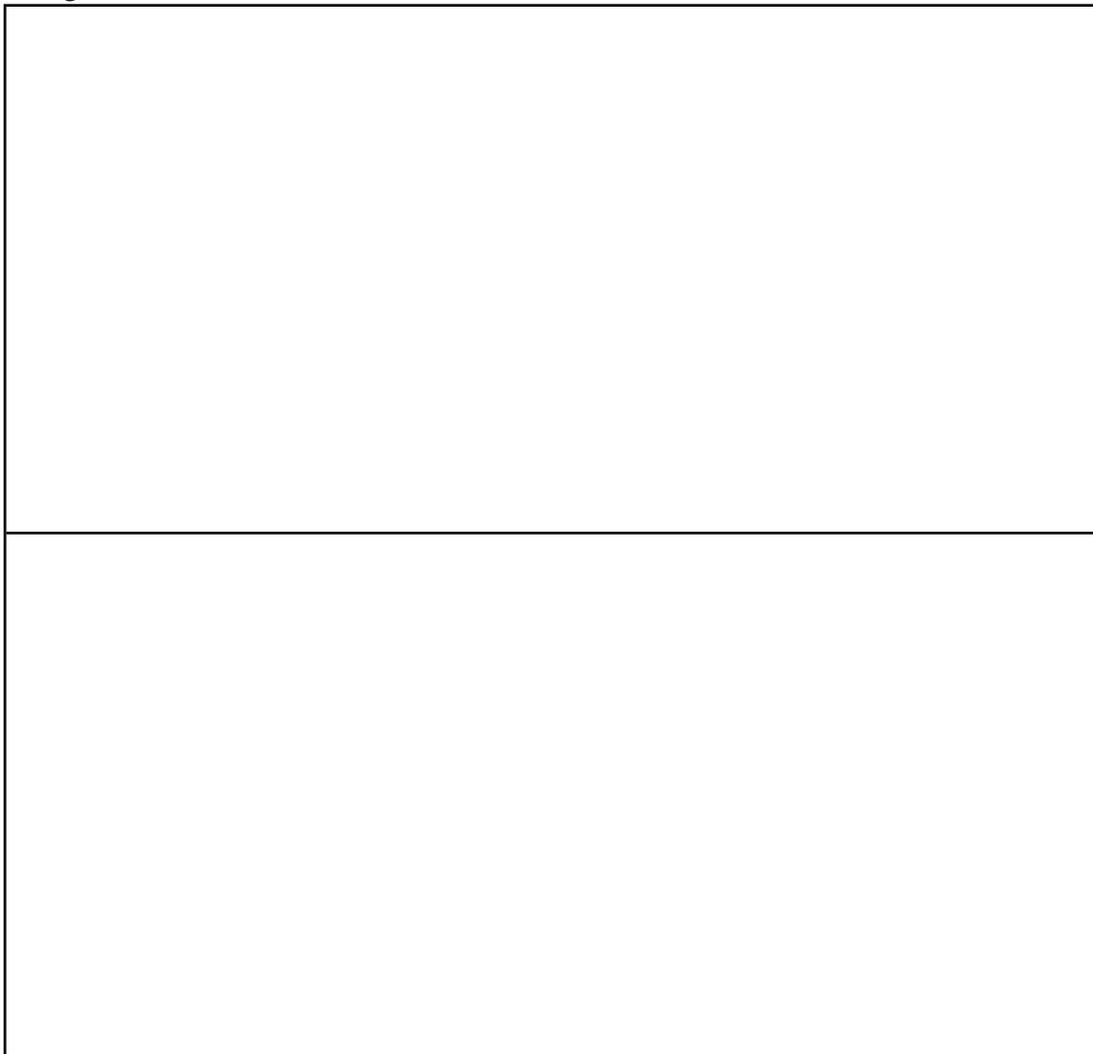
Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
Circular object with rounded conical projection on one side and flat face on opposite, 13mm diameter, 17mm tall, material may be organic, such as bone or horn.	Damp, dirt present on all surfaces	SASS 1006 2009 Box	Air-dried, brushed with soft hair bristle brush.

Storage Recommendations

Other Notes

Resembles in size and shape Glaumbaer 111C [105]F144, further examination/assessment possible

Image



SITE	FIND	AREA	CONTEXT
1006	146	C	1104

MATERIAL TYPE	OBJECT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	ATTENTION
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Metal

DATE	ID	UNIQUE_ID	Conservation Date	Conservator
8/13/2009	ARY	1006C1104F146	8/14/2009	Gregory Bailey

Material Characteristics	Condition	Storage Location	Treatment
rivet with oblong head, 25 x 15 x 10mm	Damp. Dirt, corrosion present on all surfaces	SASS 1006 2009 Box Metals Container	Air-dried, cleaned mechanically using bamboo skewers and nylon bristle brush. Placed in dry storage.

Storage Recommendations

Monitor for corrosion

Other Notes

Further treatment/assessment is recommended

Image

